



Maximizing Urban Green Roof Potential Through the Understanding of Microbiome Composition

Dr. Theodore Muth, Associate Professor of Biology

Lily Fillwalk, Research Assistant

Presentation Outline

- I. Why Green Roofs are Important
 - A. Carbon Cycle & Climate Change
- II. Methods of Study

III. Results

- A. Shallow vs. Deep System
- B. Effect of Light & Exposure
- IV. Implications
- V. Future of Green Roof Soil Microbial Research



(Is a green roof sustainable?, 2021)

Carbon Cycle & Green Roofs

Why Green Roofs are Important



Redesigned/Inspired by (Shafique et al., 2020)

Why Green Roofs are Important



Methods of Study



Figure 1. An aerial image of NYC Borough 5 Complex illustrating how samples were labelled and collected, and b) the NYC Parks at 850 East 138th Street

Methods of Study

North, East, and South Sides / Deep Green Roof Bed Samples from NYC5 Borough Complex on Randall's Island, Shallow Green Roof Bed (Xeroflor) Samples from NYC Parks at 850 East 138th Street

Collect Samples

DNA was sequenced at Wright Labs LLC (Huntingtin, PA) on the Illumina MiSeq platforms

Sequence DNA

Extract Soil DNA Extracted using Qiagen DNeasy PowerSoil Pro kits Analyze DNA

Using QIIME2 and other tools within the NIAID Nephele microbiome analysis suite

Shallow vs. Deep Systems

Results



Figure 2. Relative abundance chart of the two different green roof beds (shallow & deep), generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB



Figure 3. a) Shannon Alpha Diversity box plot comparing green roof beds, generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB; b) Deep green roof bed Faith PD; c) Shallow green roof bed Faith PD, generated in R Studio

Results



Figure 4. Bray-Curtis Beta Diversity plot comparing green roof beds, generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB

Results

Effect of Light & Exposure



Figure 5. Relative abundance chart comparing building orientation taxa in deep green roof beds, generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB

Results

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Figure 6. Shannon Alpha Diversity box plot comparing building orientations in deep green roof beds, generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB

Results & Implications



Figure 7. Bray-Curtis Beta Diversity plot comparing building orientation in deep green roof beds



Figure 8. Bray-Curtis Beta Diversity plot comparing Deep beds, Shallow beds, and orientation generated using Nephele & Microbiome DB

What's Next?

- Explaining Discrepancies
- Diversity at Genus or Species Level
- Comparing Results
- Intermediate Disturbance Hypothesis



(Soil Testing - Oldham County, 2017)



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